Boroughbridge Primary School and Nursery Knowledge Progression for Geography						
EYFS						
Nursery	Rec	Reception				
Children at the expected level of development will:  *Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.  *Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fictions texts and when appropriate maps.  *Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.  *Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including seasons.  EYFS sets the foundation for geography throughout the school. Enabling the children to discuss and make sense of the world around them. The use of books and reading is key, enabling the children to learn about similarities and differences, important changes and processes and understand the world around them and further away through ideas encountered in stories. Key topics in EYFS including 'Where does my food come from?', 'How do I get around?' and 'Why are there so many leaves on the ground?' enable the children to discuss changes and processes in the natural world and their world around them. Through stories and non-fiction texts the children are exposed to a variety of different environments and cultures from around the world.						
,	Year 1/2 – 2025/26					
Locational knowledge	Five finger facts	Vocabulary				
	Locating and identify areas of the UK					
I can name my street. I can locate the four countries of the United Kingdom on a map.	<ul> <li>I know where I live and my local area.</li> <li>I know streets have names.</li> <li>I know the names of the 4 countries in the UK.</li> <li>I know the capital city of England.</li> <li>I can recognise the flags of the 4 countries in the United Kingdom.</li> </ul>	Map Address London Local area – Boroughbridge United Kingdom				
Seasonal and daily weather patterns						
Recap of prior learning only.	<ul> <li>I know that the weather can change in each season.</li> <li>I can track daily weather patterns.</li> <li>I know I can use a thermometer to record daily temperature.</li> <li>I can identify the weather symbols on a weather chart.</li> <li>I know how weather effects different people.</li> </ul>	Weather Climate Temperature Weather pattern Thermometer				

I can locate the equator on a map. I can locate the north and south poles on a map.	<ul> <li>I know some of the more familiar weather symbols.</li> <li>I know which animals live close to the equator, North Pole and South Pole.</li> <li>I can describe how animals living in the North and South poles keep warm.</li> <li>I know which clothes I would wear on hot or cold days.</li> <li>I can explain why people tend to like hot places for their holiday.</li> </ul>	Weather North Pole South Pole Equator Seasons						
	Year 1/2 – 2024/25							
Locational knowledge	Five finger facts	Vocabulary						
	Map Atlas skills, field work in school locality							
I can name my street. I can locate the capital cities of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales on a map. I can locate England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales on a map.	<ul> <li>Human features are made by people.</li> <li>Physical features are natural.</li> <li>Maps are used to find where places are.</li> <li>A grid can be used on a map to help you find things.</li> <li>A compass has the points North, East, South, West and they point in a particular direction.</li> </ul>	Postcode City Human features Physical features Ocean						
Where would you	Where would you prefer to live: England or Kenya? - (Contrasting UK with non-EU country)							
I can locate the seven continents and five oceans on a map. I can locate the United Kingdom and Africa using a map/atlas/globe.	<ul> <li>I know the world's seven continents and five oceans and can locate them.</li> <li>I know where the United Kingdom and Africa are and can locate them using world maps, atlases and globes.</li> <li>I can state the geographical similarities and differences of the UK and Kenya.</li> <li>I know which animals would live in the wild in Kenya.</li> </ul>	Continents Oceans Climate Similarities Differences						
Why do	we love to be beside the seaside? - (geographical vocabula	ry)						
Recap of prior learning	<ul> <li>I can identify some physical features including: cliff and beach.</li> <li>I can identify some human features including: lifeboats and lighthouse.</li> <li>I can explain some of the advantages and disadvantages of living in a city or village.</li> <li>I know what animals/creatures can be found in a rock pool.</li> <li>I know what a lighthouse is for and why some seaside resorts have lifeboats.</li> </ul>	Physical features Human features Seaside Coast Advantages Disadvantages						

	Locational knowledge	Essential Knowledge	Vocabulary					
	Physical and Human Geography – (key differences between living in the UK and a country in N/S America Brazil)							
	I can locate Brazil and England on a world map, atlas or globe.	I know what physical and human features are.	Manaus Brazil					
	I can identify and locate the continents they are in.	I know 3 human features of both Boroughbridge and Manaus.	Boroughbridge England					
	I can locate Manaus and Boroughbridge on a local map.	I know 3 physical features of both Boroughbridge and Manaus.	River Ure Negro River					
		I can describe the buildings in Boroughbridge and Manaus.	Physical features Human features					
Year 3		I know 3 key facts about the lifestyle of both people in Boroughbridge and Manaus.	Population Architecture					
<b>&gt;</b>		I can state the key similarities and differences between Boroughbridge and Manaus and begin to describe them.	Similarities Differences.					
		I can locate and describe some human and physical characteristics of the UK.						
		I can name and locate some major urban areas of the UK and locate Boroughbridge using locational terminology (north, south, east, west) and the						
		names of nearby counties.						
	Why should the Rainforests matter to all of us? – (Physical Geography – a study of a region within N or S America)							

	I can locate the rainforests and countries	The rainforest is a dense forest, typically in tropical areas with heavy rainfall.	Rainforests
	which have rainforests on a world map, atlas		Climate
	or globe.	The rainforests are located near the equator between the tropic of cancer and	Tropical
	I can locate the Tropic of Capricorn, Tropic	the tropic of Capricorn.	Tropics
	of Cancer and equator on a world map.		Equator
		The rainforest has four layers:	Forest floor
		Emergent – a few tall trees and animals like parrots, bats and insects.	Understory
		Canopy – crowded tree tops and animals like monkeys and sloths.	Canopy
		Understory – short trees and shrubs like snakes and lizards.	Emergent
-r		Forest Floor – covered by tree litter and roots and animals like tigers and tapir.	Habitat
Year			Deforestation
		The climate of a rainforest is hot, humid and wet. It has a wet and a dry season	Soil erosion
		although it rains in most months.	Species
			Indigenous Tribes
		People who live in the rainforest are called indigenous tribes. I know 3 things	Biomes
		about their lifestyle.	Vegetation
		The rainforest is under threat from deforestation which means chopping down	
		trees. I can name 3 ways this effects the rainforest and 3 ways it is being	
		protected.	
		Geographical skills – mapwork and fieldwork	

Year 3	I can locate the UK on a map, describe its location and locate where I live.  I can name and locate some major urban areas and locate Boroughbridge using locational terminology (north, south, east, west) and the names of nearby counties.  I can use a map or atlas to locate some countries and cities in Europe and South America including; Brazil, Manaus.	I can locate the UK on a map, describe its location and locate where I live.  I can name and locate some major urban areas and locate Boroughbridge using locational terminology (north, south, east, west) and the names of nearby counties.  I can use a map or atlas to locate some countries and cities in Europe and South America including; Brazil, Manaus.  I can use an atlas to locate the UK and locate the key areas studied; locate where they live in the UK.  I can use the zoom function of a digital map to locate places.  I can make a simple scale plan of a room.  I can carry out fieldwork in a group in the local area selecting appropriate techniques.	The United Kingdom Wales Scotland England Northern Island County North, east, south, west
		Manahadam	
	Locational knowledge	Vocabulary	
	Landa and a company of the company o	Volcanoes, Earthquakes and Tsunamis	Active volcano
Year 4	I can locate some key volcanoes on a world map.	I can explain how volcanoes are made.  I can describe what happens when a volcano erupts.  I can discuss a significant volcanic eruption from the past.  I can explain how countries and cities can prepare for earthquakes and tsunamis.  I can explain why some countries more likely to experience earthquakes.  I can describe the damage that earthquakes and tsunamis can cause.	Dormant volcano Extinct volcano Magma Lava Earthquake Tectonic plates Fault lines Core Crust Mantle Tsunami
		Change in mountains and coasts	

	Locating different mountains and coastal	I can locate and describe several physical environments in the UK, including	Abrasion					
	areas on a map.	coastal and mountain environments, and how they change.	Erosion					
			Cliff					
		I can locate and describe some physical characteristics of the UK.	Beach					
			Coastline					
		I understand how a mountain region was formed.	Sea defences					
Year 4			Alps					
_ ĕ		I can describe a mountain environment in the UK, using appropriate geographical	Ben Nevis					
		vocabulary.	Elevation					
			Mount Everest					
		I can name and describe some of the processes associated with mountains.	Igneous and metamorphic					
			rock					
			Peak/summit					
			Volcano					
		Geographical skills – mapwork and fieldwork						
	Map skills and locational knowledge linking	I can identify a range of settlement sizes from a village to a city and describe the	Settlement					
	to a range of tasks including maps, atlases	characteristics of these.	Urban					
	etc.		Rural					
		I can describe the main land uses within urban areas and identify the key	Grid reference					
		characteristics of rural areas (e.g. using Google Earth, atlases and images)	Compass points – N, S, E, W					
		I can use four-figure grid references.	and NE, NW, SE, SW. Human					
		T can use four-figure grid references.	Physical					
		I can give direction instructions up to eight compass points.	Symbols					
4		realigive direction instructions up to eight compass points.	Symbols					
Year 4		I can use an OS map of the local area to locate known places and identify human						
		and physical features using the keys and symbols.						
		I can make a map of a short route with features in the correct order and in the						
		correct places.						
		I can carry out fieldwork in a group in the local area selecting appropriate						
		techniques.						
		teeriniques.						
		I can present information gathered in fieldwork using simple graphs.						
	Year 5							
	Locational knowledge	Essential Knowledge	Vocabulary					
			-					

	Climate Change							
Year 5	I can locate different countries on a map linking to carbon footprints.  I can locate different habitats and describe the effect that climate change is having on them.	I know what is climate change is.  I can explain the greenhouse effect. I can name and describe some causes of climate change. I can name and describe some impacts of climate change?. I can describe how climate change is affecting children's rights. I can describe how people are taking action to tackle climate change.	Climate Weather Greenhouse effect Carbon emissions Natural causes Human causes Greenhouse gas 'Green' careers					
	Rural area of Spain and Yorkshii	re – (Similarities and differences between an area of the UK and a	European Country)					
Year 5	I can locate Spain and England on a world map, atlas or globe.  I can identify and locate the continents they are in.  I can locate areas of Spain and Yorkshire on a local map.	I can explain and give examples of physical and human features.  I know 5 human features of both Yorkshire and a rural area of Spain.  I know 5 physical features of both Yorkshire and a rural area of Spain.  I can describe the buildings in Yorkshire and a rural area of Spain.  I know 5 key facts about the lifestyle of both people in Yorkshire and a rural area of Spain.	Spain Yorkshire Boroughbridge England Physical features Human features Population Architecture Similarities Differences.					
		I can state the key similarities and differences between Yorkshire and a rural area of Spain. and describe them in detail.						
	Geographical skills – mapwork and fieldwork							

Year 5	Map skills and locational knowledge linking to a range of tasks including maps, atlases etc.	I can name different land uses.  I can find key places on a map and give a six-figure grid reference.  I can name the 8 compass directions and use these to direct a friend.  I can describe the difference between human and physical features.  I can give 3 examples of both human and physical features.  I can describe contours and relief.  I know the United Kingdom is broken down into England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Island. It is then broken down further by counties.  I can find key places on a map using clues. I can draw a sketch map of my local area.	Land use Contours Relief Grid references Compass  United Kingdom Commercial Residential Agricultural Recreational County			
	Year 6					
	Locational knowledge	Essential Knowledge	Vocabulary			
	The Study of Rivers/The River Ure and Yorkshire – (UK region Study, Rivers and the water cycle)					

		rea on a map.	I can locate my local area	
		a map and know the	I can locate rivers on a ma	
ad land-	I can recognis		local river is the Ure.	
al river.	the UK and th			
	I can describe			
rivers.	features linke			
	I can name ar			
ation, de	erosion, trans			
nd ident	I can understa			S
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ocate loc	I can use map			Ϋ́e
res of riv	i can identify			
uman im	Lean discuss t			
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ques.	appropriate t			
mation g	I can present			
	. can present			
rk – the	Map			
locate lo	I can understand I can use map I can identify I can discuss to flood mana I can plan and appropriate to I can present			Year 6

	I can locate the UK's major urban areas,	I can recognise broad land-use patterns of the UK. (e.g. use a blank map to create	Land-use
	knowing some of their distinct	a 'Highest, longest, biggest' challenge – locate the longest river and highest point	Imported
	characteristics and how some of these have	of each country of the UK, as well as their own categories such as waterfall, lake	Equator
	changed over time.	or city population).	Lines of longitude and
			latitude
	I can locate cities, countries and regions of	I can explain that products we use are imported as well as locally produced.	Time zones
	Europe and North and South America on a		Scales
	map, globe or atlas.	I can use globes, world maps and atlases to locate places studied in relation to	Tropics of cancer and
9		the Equator, latitude and longitude and time zones.	Capricorn
Year	I can locate places studied in relation to the		Urban
>	equator, the Tropics of Cancer and	I can use four-figure grid references and find six-figure grid references.	Rural
	Capricorn, latitude and longitude, and relate		
	this to their time zone, climate, seasons and	I can use a map to describe height and slope of key areas.	
	vegetation.		
		I can recognise, read and compare the difference in map scales.	
		I can make sketch maps of areas using symbols, a key and a scale.	
		I can use digital maps to investigate features of an area.	